## MSMF GATE CENTRE

SUB: DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

1. For the circuit shown in figure, the output F will be

- xor tor tor F
(a) 1
(b) zero
(c) X
(d) $\bar{X}$

2. The Boolean expression for the output $Y$ in the logic circuit is

> A

A
A
${ }_{C}^{B}$
Y
(a) $A \bar{B} C$
(b) ABC
(c) $\bar{A} B C$
(d) $\bar{A} \bar{B} \bar{C}$
3. The output X of the circuit shown in the figure will be
(a) AB
(b) $\bar{A} B$
(c) $\mathrm{A} \bar{B}$
(d) $\bar{A} \bar{B}$

4. For logic circuit shown, the required inputs $A, B$ and $C$ to make the output $X=1$ are, respectively,
(a) 1,0 and 1
(b) 0,0 and 1
(c) 1,1 and 1
(d) 0,1 and 1
${ }_{B}^{A}$
C
x
5. The circuit shown below generates the function of $\mathrm{x} \cdot$
y
(a) $x \oplus y$
(b) 0
(c) $x \bar{y}+y x+\bar{y} x$
(d) $x \cdot \bar{y}$
6. For the circuit shown in the figure the Boolean expression for the output Y in terms of inputs P , $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}$ and S is

(a) $\bar{P}+\bar{Q}+\bar{R}+\bar{S}$
(b) $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{S}$
(c) $(\bar{P}+\bar{Q})(\bar{R}+\bar{S})$
(d) $(\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{Q})(\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{S})$
7. The output a of the circuit shown below is
(a) $\bar{a}+\bar{b} \bar{c}$
(b) $\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{bc}$
(c) $\bar{a} \bar{b}+\overline{a c}$
(d) $\mathrm{a}+b \bar{c}$

8. Select the circuit which will produce the given output $Q$ for the input signals $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$ given in the figure

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

9. A, B, C, and D are input, and $Y$ is the output bit in the XOR gate circuit of the figure. Which of the following statements about the sum S of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$ and Y is correct?
(a) S is always with zero or odd
(b) S is always either zero or even
(c) $\mathrm{S}=$ 1only if the sum of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D is even
(d) $\mathrm{S}=1$ only if the sum of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D is odd

10. In the given circuit, the output $Y$ equals which one of the following?

(a) $A+B$
(b) $\bar{A} B+A \bar{B}$
(c) AB
(d) $\bar{A}+\bar{B}$
11. If the input to the digital circuit of the figure consisting of cascade of 20 XOR gates is X , then what is the output Y?

(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) $X^{\prime}$
(d) X
12. What is the output of the gate circuit shown in the figure?

(a) $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D})$
(b) $\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{CD}$
(c) $\overline{A B+C D}$
(d) $\overline{(A+B)(C+D)}$
13. A digital circuit which compares two numbers $A_{3} A_{2} A_{1} A 0, B_{3} B_{2} B_{1} B_{0}$ is shown in figure. To get output $\mathrm{Y}=0$, choose one pair of correct input numbers.
(a) 1010,1010
(b) 0101,0101
(c) 0010,0010
(d) 1010, 1011

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
\mathrm{B}_{3} & A_{3} & B_{2} A_{2} & B_{1} A_{1} & B_{0} A_{0} \\
\mid & \mid & &
\end{array}
$$

14. The circuit shown is functionally equivalent to which one of the following?

A
B
A
B
(a) NOR gate
(b) OR gate
(c) EX-OR gate
(d) NAND gate
15. The Boolean expression for the shaded area in the Venn diagram shown is
(a) $A+\bar{B}+C$
(b) $\mathrm{AB}+\bar{A} B C$
(c) $\mathrm{A} \bar{B} C+\bar{A} B C$
(d) $A B+\bar{A} \bar{B} C$
16. The Boolean expression $\mathrm{Y}(\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C})=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{BC}$ is to be realized using 2-input gates of only one type. What is the minimum number of gates required for the realization?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4 or more
17. The Boolean expression $\mathrm{X}(\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R})=\pi(0,5)$ is to be realized using only two 2-input gates. Which are these gates?
(a) AND and OR
(b) NAND and OR
(c) AND and XOR
(d) OR and XOR
18. Assume that only x and y logic inputs are available, and their complements $\bar{x}$ and $\bar{y}$ are not available. What is the minimum number of 2-input NAND gates required to implement $\mathrm{x} \oplus \mathrm{y}$ ?
(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 4
(d) 5
19. The NAND-NAND realization is equivalent to
(a) AND-NOT realization
(b) AND-OR realization
(c) OR-AND realization
(d) NOT-OR realization
20. Which one of the following statements is correct? For a 4-input NOR gate, when only two inputs are to be used, the best option for the used inputs is to
(a) connect them to ground
(b) connect them to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$
(c) keep them open
(d) connect them to the used inputs
21. Minimum number of two input NAND gates required to realize the logic function ( $\mathrm{A} \bar{B}+\bar{A} B$ ) is
(a) 5
(b) 3
(c) 6
(d) 4
22. According to De-Morgan's second theorem
(a) A NAND gate is always complementary to an AND gate
(b) An AND gate is equivalent to a bubbled NAND gate
(c) A NAND gate is equivalent to a bubbled AND gate
(d) A NAND gate is equivalent to a bubbled OR gate
23. If $\bar{x}+\bar{y}=0$, then which one of the following is true?
(a) $\bar{x} y+\bar{y} x+x z=x \bar{y}+y z$
(b) $\bar{x} \bar{y} \bar{z}+x y z=x y \bar{z}+\bar{x} \bar{y} \bar{z}$
(c) $\bar{x} y+\bar{y} x+=x y+\bar{x} \bar{y}$
(d) $\bar{x} y x=1$
24. The POS form of expression is suitable for circuit using
(a) XOR
(b) NAND
(c) AND
(d) NOR
25. Sum of product representation of Boolean equations can be easily realized by the following digital circuits
(a) NAND-NAND
(b) AND-AND
(c) OR-OR
(d) NOR-NOR

KEY FOR DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

| $1-\mathrm{B}$ | $2-\mathrm{B}$ | $3-\mathrm{B}$ | $4-\mathrm{C}$ | $5-\mathrm{A}$ | $6-\mathrm{B}$ | $7-\mathrm{A}$ | $8-\mathrm{A}$ | $9-\mathrm{D}$ | $10-\mathrm{D}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $11-\mathrm{B}$ | $12-\mathrm{B}$ | $13-\mathrm{D}$ | $14-\mathrm{C}$ | $15-\mathrm{D}$ | $16-\mathrm{C}$ | $17-\mathrm{D}$ | $18-\mathrm{C}$ | $19-\mathrm{B}$ | $20-\mathrm{D}$ |
| $21-\mathrm{B}$ | $22-\mathrm{D}$ | $23-\mathrm{A}$ | $24-\mathrm{D}$ | $25-\mathrm{A}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

