

B.Tech III Year I Semester (R15) Regular & Supplementary Examinations November/December 2019

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS & APPLICATIONS

(Common to ECE and EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- Define CMRR.
 - Define Input offset voltage and Input offset voltage.
 - In response to a square wave input, the output of an op-amp changed from -3V to +3V over a time interval of 0.25 μ s. Determine the slew rate of the op-amp.
 - An op-amp has D.C gain of 10^4 and gain of 1000 at 500 Hz. Calculate its corner frequency.
 - Draw a subtractor using op-amp.
 - What is an instrumentation amplifier?
 - Explain the applications of practical differentiator.
 - What is an active integrator?
 - Calculate the number of bits required to represent a full scale voltage of 10 V with a resolution of 5mV approximately.
 - Suggest the values of resistor and reference voltage if resolution required is 0.5 V for 4 bit R-2R ladder type DAC.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

- 2 Draw the circuit diagram of differential amplifier with Single input and balanced output. Derive expressions for differential gain A_{d1} , input resistance R_i and output resistance R_o .

OR

- 3 (a) Define an op-amp. Explain the ideal characteristics of an op-amp.
(b) What is the need of level translator? Explain the operation of level translator using a neat circuit diagram.

UNIT – II

- 4 (a) Explain in detail about frequency response of Internally Non compensating op-amp.
(b) With the flow graph, explain open loop voltage gain as a function of frequency.

OR

- 5 (a) Derive an expression for output voltage of a closed loop non-inverting op-amp.
(b) Explain the properties of a practical op-amp.

UNIT – III

- 6 (a) Explain about current to voltage (I to V) converter with grounded load.
(b) Design an op-amp differentiator that will differentiate an input signal with $f_{max} = 100$ Hz.

OR

- 7 (a) Design a differentiator to differentiate an input signal that varies in frequency from 10 Hz to about 1 kHz. If a sine wave of 1V peak at 1000 Hz is applied to this differentiator draw the output waveforms.
(b) Explain how op-amp is used as a summer and differentiator.

Contd. in page 2

UNIT – IV

- 8 (a) Explain the operation of triangular wave generator and derive the expression for amplitude and frequency of oscillation?
(b) With neat sketch, explain the operation of Schmitt trigger using op-amp.

OR

- 9 (a) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of an RC phase shift oscillator using an op-amp.
(b) What are the modes of operation of IC555? Derive the expression for time delay of a monostable multivibrator.

UNIT – V

- 10 (a) Explain the working of a weighted resistor D/A converter.
(b) The digital input for a 4-bit DAC is 0 1 0 1. Calculate its final output voltage.

OR

- 11 (a) Explain the working of a dual slope A/D converter.
(b) Enlist the advantages and disadvantages of dual slope ADC.
